CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA-2510
Landsdowne Methodist Church
112-116 Lavern Avenue
Baltimore, Baltimore County
1895
Private

Constructed in 1895, the Landsdowne Methodist Church predates the subdivision of Landsdowne as a Baltimore City suburb. Landsdowne, originally known as Joshua, did not take shape until after the turn-of-the-20th century. In 1909, Charles W. Hull purchased 766 acres of land along Old Annapolis Road for \$30,000 with the intent of subdividing the previously rural tract that was owned in the late 19th century by the Randle, Ring, Caton, and Linthicum families. Through the early 20th century, the development of the Landsdowne community was aided by its proximity to rail service. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which passed near Landsdowne made the community accessible as a suburban residential subdivision. The 1915 county atlas reveals that, although the community was planned in a rectilinear form, its central focal point was the public school. By 1915, a fire station and three churches were established in the community, while a post office anchored the west side of the subdivision. However, little development of the lots had occurred by the mid-1910s. With the growth of Baltimore, Landsdowne has become a near suburb on the city's southwest side.

The Landsdowne Methodist Church is a one-story Gothic Revival style building with an irregular L-shaped footprint and asymmetrical façade. Concrete block reinforces a portion of the solid random rubble stone foundation, which supports a wood frame structural system clad partially in aluminum siding. Formstone, which was applied in 1948, covers the west and south elevations. The church is located on the northeast corner of the intersection of Lavern and Baltimore Avenues, resulting in the presence of two primary elevations. The façade, however, fronts west. The square tower, located at the intersection of the cross-gabled church, is surmounted by a tall steeple of wood frame construction with a steeply pitched roof clad in sheet metal. The rectangular base of the steeple is paneled, while ventilators pierce the shaft directly above the base. Entry is gained through the west elevation of the tower, which features a single-leaf wood door with a pointed-arch stained glass transom. The gable ends of the church are pierced by symmetrical, tripartite multi-light stained glass windows with wood mullion tracery. A large, two-story addition finished with stucco was constructed circa 1950. The circa 1910 parsonage, sited to the east of the church, is a two-and-a-half-story foursquare with little detailing that ties it to a specific architectural style. The dwelling features a random American bond brick foundation and structural system below an asphalt-shingled hipped roof.

# Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of F	Property	(indicate preferred na	ame)				
historic	Landsdown Met	hodist Church (preferred)					
other	Landsdown Uni	ted Methodist Church					
2. Location							
street and number	112-116 Lavern	Avenue				_ not for	publication
city, town	Baltimore					vicinity	
county	Baltimore Coun	ty					
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing	addresses of a	ll owners	)		
name	Trustees of the M	Methodist Episcopal Church	of Baltimore C	ounty			
street and number	114 Lavern Ave	nue			telephone	Not Avai	ilable
city, town	Baltimore		state MD		zip code	21227	
Contril Contril Determ	buting Resource in buting Resource in nined Eligible for the nined Ineligible for ded by HABS/HAE	Additional Data  National Register District Local Historic District The National Register/Marylan The National Register/Maryla Register/Maryla Register/Maryla Register/Maryla Register/Maryla Register/Maryla Register/Maryla	d Register and Register				e
Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
6. Classifica	tion						
Category districtstructuresiteobject	OwnershippublicX_privateboth	domesticeducationfunerarygovernmenthealth care	landscaperecreation _X_religionsocialtransportawork in prunknownvacant/noother:	n/culture ation rogress		ng Nor	ncontributing buildings sites structure: objects Total ting Resources the Inventory

r. Description		IIIVelitory No. BA-2310
Condition		
excellent	deteriorated	

Inventory No. DA 2510

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

7 Description

X fair

altered

Constructed in 1895, the Landsdowne Methodist Church is a one-story Gothic Revival style building with an irregular L-shaped footprint and asymmetrical façade. Concrete block reinforces a portion of the solid random rubble stone foundation, which supports a wood frame structural system clad partially in aluminum siding. Formstone, which was applied in 1948, covers the west and south elevations. The church is located on the northeast corner of the intersection of Lavern and Baltimore Avenues, resulting in the presence of two primary elevations. The façade, however, fronts west. The square tower, located at the intersection of the cross-gabled church, is surmounted by a tall steeple of wood frame construction with a steeply pitched roof clad in sheet metal. The rectangular base of the steeple is paneled, while ventilators pierce the shaft directly above the base. Entry is gained through the west elevation of the tower, which features a single-leaf wood door with a pointed-arch stained glass transom. The gable ends of the church are pierced by symmetrical, tripartite multi-light stained glass windows with wood mullion tracery. A large, two-story addition finished with stucco was constructed circa 1950.

The circa 1910 parsonage, sited to the east of the church, is a two-and-a-half-story foursquare with little detailing that ties it to a specific architectural style. The dwelling features a random American bond brick foundation and structural system below an asphalt-shingled hipped roof. The four-bay-wide building is pierced by an offset entry with a sash-and-paneled single-leaf door and seven 9/9 vinyl windows. A hipped-roof dormer with a two-light sliding vinyl window projects from the roof. The porch has been removed from the structure.

8. Signification	ance			Inventory No. BA-2510
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 X 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement	health/medicine industry invention landscape architect law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ure X religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1895-present		Architect/Builder U	Inknown
Construction da	ites 1895, 1945			
Evaluation for:				
3 <del></del>	National Register	N	laryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Constructed in 1895, the Landsdowne Methodist Church predates the subdivision of Landsdowne as a Baltimore City suburb and is representative of the many Gothic Revival style churches erected throughout Baltimore County in the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. Landsdowne, originally known as Joshua, did not take shape until after the turn-of-the-20<sup>th</sup> century. In 1909, Charles W. Hull purchased 766 acres of land along Old Annapolis Road for \$30,000 with the intent of subdividing the previously rural tract that was owned in the late 19<sup>th</sup> century by the Randle, Ring, Caton, and Linthicum families. Through the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, the development of the Landsdowne community was aided by its proximity to rail service. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which passed near Landsdowne made the community accessible as a suburban residential subdivision. The 1915 county atlas reveals that, although the community was planned in a rectilinear form, its central focal point was the public school. The east-west streets were laid numerically from first to fifth, and then the remaining four were provided names: Elizabeth, Hazel, Lavern, and Clyde. The north-south streets were named after cities, including Baltimore, Washington, Charleston, and Saratoga. By 1915, a fire station and three churches were established in the community, while a post office anchored the west side of the subdivision. However, little development of the lots had occurred by the mid-1910s. With the growth of Baltimore, Landsdowne has become a near suburb on the city's southwest side.

The vernacular wood-frame church was constructed in the Gothic Revival style. Reflective of this style are the off-center tower and steeple and multi-light pointed-arch windows. Although introduced to the United States in the 1830s by architect Alexander Jackson Davis, Andrew Jackson Downing, a landscape architect, popularized the Gothic Revival during the last half of the 19th century as a reaction against Classicism.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Neal A. Brooks and Eric G. Rockel, A History of Baltimore County (Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979), p. 315; see also Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia, PA: G.M. Hopkins, 1877).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Neal A. Brooks and Eric G. Rockel, A History of Baltimore County (Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979), p. 158.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G.W. Bromley, 1915).

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-2510

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.

Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850

#### 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	.50 Acre		
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown		
Quadrangle name	Relay	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000

#### Verbal boundary description and justification

Since its construction in 1895, the Landsdown Methodist Church has been associated with Lots 118-126 and part of 127, comprising a portion of tax parcel 357 of map 109 located in the Baltimore County Tax Assessor's office.

## 11. Form Prepared by

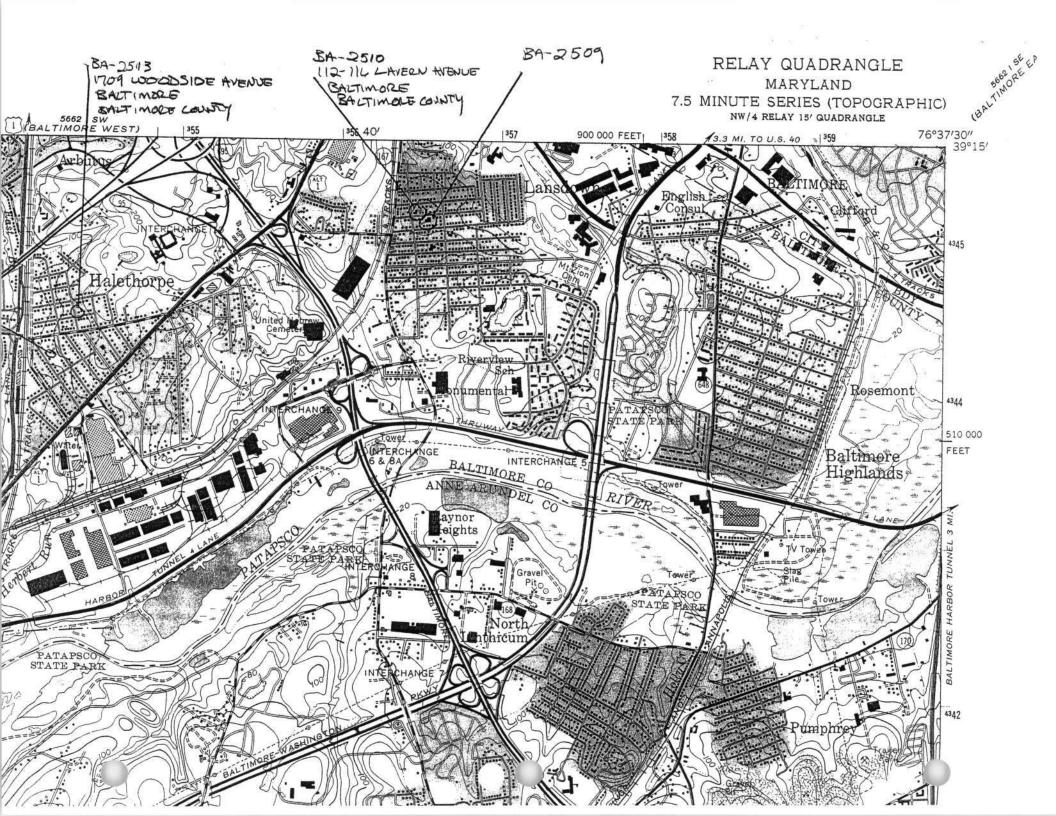
name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	May 29, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600





BA-2510 112-116 LAVERN AVENUE, BAUTIMORE BAUTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES 4/2001

MDSHPO

SWCORNER



BA-2510 112-116 CAVERN AVENUE, BATTMORE BATTMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES 4/2001 MD SHOO

NW CORNER

20f3



BA-2510 112-116 LAVERN AVENUE, BALTIMORE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES 4h001

SE CORVER + PARSONAGE

MD SHPD

BA - 2510

LANSDOWNE UNITED METHODIST CHURCH - Before 1898 - 112 Lavern Avenue, Lansdowne. Located at the northeast corner of Lavern and Baltimore Avenues. Frame Gothic Revival church, now covered with Formstone. Gable roofed. With square belfry tower. Lancet windows. Sunday school attached, but numbered 116 Lavern Avenue. The Parsonage is in American Four Square Colonial Revival, built of brick with a hip roof; it has been shorn of its front porch. The church first appears on Plate 9 of Bromley's 1898 atlas.